



CLASSE 3<sup>A</sup> LICEO CLASSICO

14 Ottobre 2008

FORMULE GONIOMETRICHE

COGNOME \_\_\_\_\_ NOME \_\_\_\_\_

1. Applicando opportunamente le formule di addizione e sottrazione, calcola la seguente funzione goniometrica:

$$\operatorname{sen} \frac{17}{12} \pi$$

\_\_\_\_\_ / 3

2. Sapendo che:  $\cos \alpha = \frac{3}{4}$ , con  $0 < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{2}$ , calcola  $\operatorname{sen} 2\alpha$ .

\_\_\_\_\_ / 2

3. Sapendo che:  $\operatorname{sen} \alpha = \frac{3}{5}$ , con  $0 < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{2}$ , calcola seno e coseno di  $\frac{\alpha}{2}$ .

\_\_\_\_\_ / 3

Semplifica le seguenti espressioni:

4.  $\operatorname{sen} \left( \frac{\pi}{3} + x \right) + \cos \left( \frac{\pi}{6} + x \right)$  \_\_\_\_\_ / 2,5

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

5.  $\cos 2\alpha + \operatorname{sen} 2\alpha \operatorname{tg} \alpha$  \_\_\_\_\_ / 2

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

6.  $\frac{1 - \cos 2\alpha}{1 + \cos 2\alpha} \cdot \operatorname{ctg} \alpha$  \_\_\_\_\_ / 2,5

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

7.  $\operatorname{tg} \frac{\alpha}{2} + 2 \frac{\cos^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}}{\operatorname{sen} \alpha}$  \_\_\_\_\_ / 2,5

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Verifica le seguenti identità:

8.  $\operatorname{sen} \alpha \cos 2\alpha - \cos \alpha \operatorname{sen} 2\alpha = \cos \left( \frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha \right)$  \_\_\_\_\_ / 3

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

9.  $1 + \cos 2\alpha = 2 - 2\operatorname{sen}^2 \alpha$  \_\_\_\_\_ / 1

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

10.  $\operatorname{sen} 2\alpha \operatorname{tg} \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 2 - \cos 2\alpha - \operatorname{sen}^2 \alpha$  \_\_\_\_\_ / 3

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

11.  $\operatorname{sen} \alpha \operatorname{tg} \frac{\alpha}{2} = \operatorname{sen}^2 \alpha - 2 \cos \alpha \operatorname{sen}^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}$  \_\_\_\_\_ / 2

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

12. 
$$\frac{2 \operatorname{sen}^2 \frac{\alpha}{2} (1 + \cos \alpha)}{2 \operatorname{sen}^2 \frac{\alpha}{2} \cdot \operatorname{sen} \alpha} = \frac{\operatorname{sen} \alpha}{1 - \cos \alpha} \quad \underline{\hspace{2cm}} / 2$$

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

13. Trasforma in  $t = \operatorname{tg} \frac{\alpha}{2}$  la seguente espressione:

$$\frac{2 \operatorname{sen} \alpha + \cos \alpha + 1}{\operatorname{sen} \alpha}$$

           / 3,5

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....